



Two children in a psychosocial support session in a UNICEF-supported child friendly space in a temporary shelter in Hatay

UNICEF Türkiye

Humanitarian Situation
Report No. 10

unicef 
for every child

18 – 25 April 2023

Situation in Numbers*

Highlights

- Around 2.4 million people live in formal sites and informal settlements (1.6 million people in informal settlements and nearly 800,000 in formal sites). The key needs in informal sites continue to be access to adequate water and sanitation, information on available services and social protection schemes. Limited support for people with disabilities, like accessible facilities, is a key concern. There are some movements of population for other self-resettlement opportunities, acknowledging some movements of population for other self-resettlement opportunities.ⁱ
- To date, 1,914 unaccompanied children have been identified, of whom 1,880 have been reunified with their families or are in long-term alternative care; and family tracing continues for 34 children to reunify them with their families.ⁱⁱ
- UNICEF has cumulatively reached 212,730 children and caregivers with mental health and psychosocial support and psychological first aid through the trained social workers of the Ministry of Family and Social Services and as well as through Non- Government Organization partners.
- The first 200,000 doses of Measles, Mumps and Rubella vaccine arrived and were delivered to the Ministry of Health; the number of doses can cover at least 170,000 children.
- UNICEF is leading the WASH sector group. Cumulatively, WASH sector partners have reached 2.41 million people with WASH assistance. Main highlights include the delivery of 2,851,472 litres of potable water for drinking and personal hygiene use and 3,401,490 litres of water for sanitation purposes, and provision of hygiene kits to 654,689 households.^{iv}
- UNICEF has a funding gap of over US\$ 87 million (44%) against a funding requirement of US\$ 196 million to reach 3 million people, including 1.5 million children. While there are needs across all sectors, the humanitarian cash transfer intervention is the most significantly underfunded.

9.1 million
People in Need

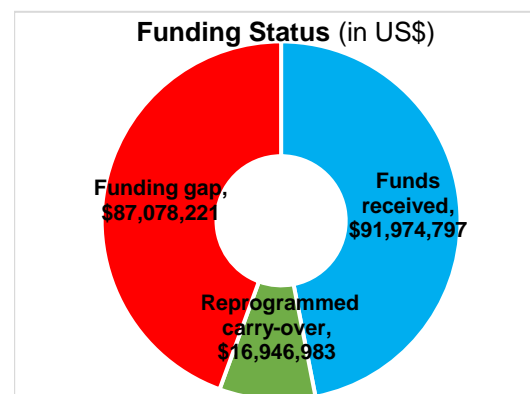
2.5 million
Children in Need

3 million
People Targeted by UNICEF

1.5 million
Children Targeted by UNICEF

* IA Flash Appeal, UNICEF Türkiye HAC

UNICEF Appeal 2023 (Feb-Apr)
US\$ 196 million
Funding Status as of 25 April
(US\$ million)



ⁱ OCHA Situation Report No. 15, Türkiye: 2023 Earthquakes Situation Report No. 15, as of 20 April 2023.

ⁱⁱ Ministry of Family and Social Services (MoFSS), 25 April 2023; MoFSS has updated their database with 1914 children registered instead of 1915 as previously reported due to registration error

ⁱⁱⁱ Includes people accessing safe spaces established under Child Protection, Early Childhood Education, Adolescent Development and Participation programme intervention.

^{iv} WASH Sector update 24 April 2023. WASH Results collected from Activity Info as well as OCHA Assistance Tracking Sheet (24 April 2023).

Funding Overview and Partnerships

Under the [UNICEF Türkiye Earthquake Response Humanitarian Action for Children 2023 \(HAC\)](#) UNICEF urgently requires US\$196 million to reach 3 million people, including 1.5 million children who have been affected by the 6 February earthquakes. As of 25 April, there remains a significant funding gap of 44 percent. UNICEF is grateful for the quick reprogramming and generous new contributions from the Bureau of Humanitarian Assistance (BHA), Bureau of Population, Refugees and Migration (BPRM), the Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF), European Union, including European Civil Protection and Humanitarian Aid Operations (ECHO), the Government of Sweden (SIDA), the Government of the United Kingdom, the Government of Canada, the Government of Kuwait (*forthcoming*)¹ UNICEF COs with Private Sector Fundraising (PSFR) operations, and the UNICEF national committees² for Australia, Ireland, Denmark, France, Germany, Korea, Norway, Türkiye, Switzerland, Sweden, USA, UK, Qatar, Italy, Spain, Singapore, Bulgaria, Belarus, Chile, Colombia, Peru, Malaysia, Mexico, Romania, United Arab Emirates, Egypt, Uruguay, Serbia, and Switzerland; all of which have enabled immediate provision of critical supplies and services to children and families affected by the earthquake. Given the urgency to respond, UNICEF has also leveraged its Emergency Programme Fund (EPF)³ and global humanitarian thematic funds, to expedite the delivery of critical services and supplies to people in need. Timely, flexible contributions remain urgently required to enable UNICEF to complement the Government-led response and promptly respond to current and increasing humanitarian needs.

Under the leadership of the Government of Türkiye and within the interagency framework for the earthquake response, UNICEF is working with key humanitarian partners – Government and Non-Government Organizations (NGOs), through established interagency mechanisms. Cooperation is ongoing with the Ministry of Interior Disaster and Emergency Management Presidency (AFAD), Presidency of Migration Management (PMM) and key ministries including the Ministry of Family and Social Services (MoFSS), Ministry of Justice (MoJ) Ministry of National Education (MoNE), Ministry of Youth and Sports (MoYS), and Ministry of Health (MoH).

Humanitarian Leadership, Coordination and Strategy

While the Government is leading the overall humanitarian response, an interagency humanitarian coordination mechanism has been established supporting government led efforts with sector working groups. Under this framework, UNICEF is leading the Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) and Education sector working groups and co-leading the Child Protection sub-working group under the UNHCR led Protection working group. UNICEF is also a member of the WHO led Health working group, UNHCR led Cash working group and UNDP led Early Recovery group, as well as the interagency protection from sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA) and accountability to affected population (AAP) task forces. The Government, with support of the World Bank, EU, and UN, is leading the follow-up to the Türkiye Earthquake Recovery and Reconstruction Assessment (TERRA), on recovery planning.⁴

UNICEF is using its long-standing presence in Türkiye (including a field office in Gaziantep), strong relations with the Government and a large network of civil society and private sector partners, to implement its strategy of scaling up the humanitarian response to address the needs of vulnerable children, women and families. UNICEF's established partnerships with eight municipalities (*Ankara, Gaziantep, Sanliurfa, Kilis, Yuregir, Hatay, Istanbul and Izmir*) and with the Union of Municipalities of Türkiye (UMT)⁵, are being leveraged and scaled up to deliver humanitarian assistance to affected children and families. Building on existing partnerships with local NGOs and the private sector, UNICEF is expanding service delivery in areas with critical gaps, in close coordination with local authorities, working to strengthen local capacities and systems. Moreover, UNICEF is enhancing engagement with youth/adolescent networks and platforms, building the capacity of young people, and mobilizing them to support delivery of frontline response, to reinforce integration and social cohesion as well as resilience building. In order to provide integrated response to affected children and families, UNICEF with partners is establishing age-appropriate inclusive *child, adolescent and family support spaces/hubs*⁶, which are providing frontline child protection support

¹ On 15 March, the Government of Kuwait announced an allocation of \$ USD 9m for UNICEF Türkiye. Funds should be received once grant agreement is signed

² Funding channeled through UNICEF national committees, includes private sector funding received as well as contributions for individual and online donations.

³ EPF is UNICEF's internal funding mechanism, allocated to countries as a loan to expedite timely emergency response.

⁴ Final TERRA report published (English) <https://www.sbb.gov.tr/wp-content/uploads/2023/03/Turkiye-Recovery-and-Reconstruction-Assessment.pdf>. UNICEF led the Education chapter and contributed to the other sectoral chapters of the assessment

⁵ Istanbul and Izmir municipality workplans underdevelopment although collaborations with these municipalities have been included in line ministry workplans by sector. These partnerships with these municipalities are as per established workplans which cover multi sectoral interventions as per the UNICEF Türkiye country program (Child Protection, Education, ECE, ADAP, SBC, Social Policy, etc); for the emergency these workplan include a standard general emergency preparedness and response line. The annual throughput varies per municipality

⁶ These hubs are serving Turkish communities as well as refugee populations, reinforcing social cohesion.

and facilitating access to specialized child protection services⁷, health and nutrition, education, and information on cash transfers as well as feedback/complaint mechanisms.

Situation Overview & Humanitarian Needs

The death toll from the earthquakes on 6 February is reported at 50,783.⁸ Around 2.4 million people live in formal sites and informal settlements (1.6 million people in informal settlements and nearly 800,000 in formal sites). The key needs in informal sites continue to be access to adequate water and sanitation, access to information on available services and social protection schemes. Limited support for people with disabilities (e.g. accessible facilities) is a key concern. There are some movements of population for other self-resettlement opportunities.⁹

To date, 1,914 unaccompanied children have been identified, of whom 1,880 have been reunified with their families or are in long-term alternative care; and family tracing continues for 34 children to reunify them with their families.¹⁰

Access to education has been hampered for nearly 4 million children, including 350,000 refugee and migrant children.¹¹ Education has resumed in 81 provinces and all districts affected by the earthquakes as of 24 April following Bayram/Eid Holidays. Attendance reports received from earthquake affected provinces are positive, between 60% to 80%, for example, in *Adiyaman* and *Kahramanmaraş*, respectively.¹²

As previously reported, 254,000 students have been transferred to non-earthquake affected provinces as they move with their families across 71 provinces and to date, 35,694 students who were transferred from the earthquake-affected provinces to other provinces have now returned to their provinces of origin.¹³

Moreover, MoNE declared that the summer catch-up programmes will be carried out between 1 August and 1 September to compensate for the learning loss due to school closures because of the earthquakes.¹⁴

Under the leadership of the Government of Türkiye, humanitarian partners continue to deliver humanitarian assistance to the affected population, while in parallel recovery and reconstruction plans are underway. Following the [TERRA assessment](#) that was done in March, UNICEF is working with national and local authorities to ensure that the recovery plan are people and child centered across sectors.¹⁵ To date, the Interagency Appeal for US\$1 billion to assist 5.2 million people affected by the earthquakes is only 30.2% funded, with US\$303.6 million received¹⁶; an interim update on the progress made on Interagency appeal has been carried out by the humanitarian community to which UNICEF has contributed.¹⁷

Summary of Programme Response

Child Protection, Gender-Based Violence in Emergencies (GBViE) and (PSEA): To date, UNICEF has cumulatively reached 212,730 children and caregivers with mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) and psychological first aid (PFA) through the trained social workers of the MoFSS and as well as through NGO partners. So far, 3,936 UNICEF trained frontline workers have been deployed by MoFSS, MoJ and NGO partners to provide psychological support, child protection services, GBV prevention and response to earthquake affected people. During the reporting period, trained frontline workers from MoFSS and NGO partners provided MHPSS and PFA to 17,071 children and caregivers.

In total, 45 child, adolescent and family support hubs/spaces, including seven mobile spaces, have been set up with UNICEF support through MoFSS and NGO partners. Cumulatively, 44,270 children and caregivers have accessed them and benefited from one or more of the services provided in the hubs/spaces.¹⁸

⁷ Specialized child protection services include identification, referral, and contact tracing for unaccompanied and separated children, MHPSS, provision of recreational activities, gender-based violence support.

⁸ [Son Dakika... Süleyman Soylu açıkladı: Depremde can kaybı 50 bin 783 oldu \(cumhuriyet.com.tr\)](#) (In English, Minister of Interior, Mr. Süleyman Soylu, CNN Interview 22 April (2023); the death toll is updated at long intervals because identification takes time.

⁹ [OCHA Situation Report No. 15, Türkiye: 2023 Earthquakes Situation Report No. 15, as of 20 April 2023](#)

¹⁰ MoFSS, 25 April 2023. MoFSS has updated their database with 1914 children registered instead of 1915 as previously reported due to registration error

¹¹ MoNE, 1 March 2023.

¹² Provincial Departments of National Education (PDONE) of Adiyaman and Kahramanmaraş (26 April, 2023)

¹³ Source MoNE 17 April 2023. The number of returnees as per top four affected provinces are as follow: Kahramanmaraş with 8,269; Gaziantep: 6,472; Hatay: 6,181 and Malatya: 3,519

¹⁴ MoNE, 24 April 2023, [meb.gov.tr](#)

¹⁵ In TERRA assessment, estimated cost recovery and reconstruction as well as loss /damages for WASH is estimated at \$ USD 4.35 billion and for Education sector is an estimated \$ USD 6.7 billion, including damage 20,430 educational institutions, and well as considering support to the teaching and school workforce, as well as learners' support. The total TERRA has put the costs reconstruction/recovery as well as loss/damages at an estimated USD \$103.6 billion across all sectors. [Türkiye earthquakes recovery and reconstruction assessment - Türkiye | ReliefWeb](#)

¹⁶ [Türkiye Earthquake Flash Appeal 2023 | Financial Tracking Service \(unocha.org\)](#)

¹⁷ [Türkiye Humanitarian Needs and Response Overview - Interim Update \(Published 11 April 2023\) - Türkiye | ReliefWeb](#)

¹⁸ The number of children, adolescents & caregivers registered in each hub so far is approx. 869 individuals (average) with each hub having a coverage capacity of 2,600 individuals; with 45 hubs/spaces, the coverage capacity would be 117,000 individuals that can be covered over 6 months.

GBV risk mitigation, prevention and response mechanisms have been established and cumulatively 42,655 women, girls and boys have been supported. Channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse are visible in public areas and were made accessible to anyone; cumulatively, 26,151 individuals have been provided with safe and accessible channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse by aid workers through the support of UNICEF.

Water Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH): On a continuous basis through daily operations, 293,000 people are being supported for access to water by UNICEF and its partners *GASKI and HATSU* in *Gaziantep and Hatay*.¹⁹ In line with the agreed UNICEF WASH strategy and with a purpose of expanding the WASH response, technical discussions have started with *Sanliurfa and Adiyaman* municipalities and their water supply enterprises to develop partnerships. Cumulatively, 421,420 people have been reached with critical hygiene supplies.

Out of the 20 container latrines and showers delivered to AFAD, as previously reported²⁰, four are already installed in a camp established in Ataturk stadium in *Islahiye* district of Gaziantep province accommodating 2,000 individuals (1,600 Syrian and 400 Turkish). With the already installed four (4) containers, 480²¹ people have access to safe and appropriate sanitation facilities.

With UNICEF support, Presidency of Migration Management (PMM) procured and distributed 6,000 lice shampoos in *Kilis (Elbeyli), Kahramanmaraş (various sites), and Hatay (Apaydin)*, reaching 30,000 individuals.²²

UNICEF is leading the WASH sector group. To date, funding for the sector stands at around 22.8%.²³ Cumulatively, WASH sector partners²⁴ have reached 2.41 million people with WASH assistance²⁵. Main highlights include the delivery of 2,851,472 litres of potable water for drinking and personal hygiene use and 3,401,490 litres of water for sanitation purposes, and provision of hygiene kits to 654,689 households²⁶. The high results achieved by sector partners on water provision is mainly linked to bottled water distribution which is less costly than other forms of water supply and many areas like Hatay and Kahramanmaraş are still very dependent on bottle water for potable water.²⁷ A strategy for the use of cash for work, for members of a community for cleaning of the shower and toilet units, has been endorsed by WASH sector members.

Health and Nutrition: During the reporting period, the first 200,000 doses of Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) vaccine arrived and were delivered to the Ministry of Health (MoH); the number of doses can cover at least 170,000 children.²⁸ As previously reported, UNICEF has already provided the MoH with vaccines for children including polio vaccine (*bOPV*) to support 360,000 children²⁹ for polio immunization, and tetanus and diphtheria (*Td*), to support 285,833 children with *Td* immunization.

Education: Cumulatively, 332,587 children are still accessing formal or non-formal education, including early learning, through UNICEF-supported system-strengthening and programmes. Approximately 130,000 teachers from all school levels have benefitted from self-paced PSS online training conducted by MoNE with the support of UNICEF.

¹⁹ These are one-off transfers to these localized/area-based water enterprises to provide restore and provide continuous services for water and sanitation for the populations in earthquake affected areas. The financial support will allow operations by these enterprises to be carried out for just over 6 months with coverage of catchment populations per area based on average provision of water per person from water treatment plants in Türkiye (228l/day/person). The partnership with GASKI supports 30,000 people in 2 districts of Gaziantep, *Nurdagi and Islahiye* and the partnership with HATSU, supports 263,000 people in several of the most affected districts in Hatay, based on production capacity and current levels of demand.

²⁰ UNICEF Türkiye Sitrep #4 (9 March) [UNICEF Türkiye Humanitarian Situation Report No. 4 \(Earthquake\): 02 to 09 March 2023 - Türkiye | ReliefWeb](#). In the sitrep we reported 23 procured, but operationally the sales order was adjusted to 20 to accommodate supplier availability and 3 additional ones added to the next consignment being sent by supplier.

²¹ Each of the 4 containers allows for 120 people to have access to safe and appropriate sanitation facilities reaching 480 people.

²² 20ml per user and 100ml bottles were distributed to family settlement containers reaching 30,000 individuals - $6000 \times (100/20) = 30,000$ individuals

²³ [Türkiye Earthquake Flash Appeal 2023 | Financial Tracking Service \(unocha.org\)](#)

²⁴ The WASH Sector group has numerous partners, with WASH sector group coordination active in Gaziantep, Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Adiyaman and Malatya. WASH Sector Update 24 April 2023 to HCT (derived from WASH Sector 4Ws+ OCHA Supply Assistance tracking 24 April 2023). WASH Sector partners include: CARE, ACTED, Concern Worldwide, Save the Children International (SCI) SCI, ASB, Oxfam, Migrant Solidarity Association, IOM, Yardım Konvoyu, IsraAID, Support to Life (STL), Water Mission (new) ILO, UNHCR, UN Women, UNICEF, UNDP, UNFPA and IFRC.

²⁵ While this exceeds the sector target in the flash appeal, as humanitarian operations continue some immediate life-saving water provision interventions such as bottled water distribution and water trucking are phasing out; small repairs and light rehabilitation as well restoration of water services phase-in for emergency water provision; as such the reach of emergency water provision may fluctuate given nature of the interventions and shift in how the emergency support is provided as humanitarian operations continue to scale up as well as transition to recovery. The assistance is being provided in eleven provinces, including Adana, Adiyaman, Gaziantep, Hatay, Kahramanmaraş, Kilis, Malatya, Mersin, Şanlıurfa, Diyarbakır and Osmaniye by sector partners.

²⁷ Other types of water provision include provision of water trucking services and support for small repair/light rehabilitation, operational service provision of water which are more costly than bottled water provision.

²⁸ Injections of 0.5 ml / dose factoring in a wastage rate of 15%, enough to cover $200,000 \times 0.85 = 170,000$ children.

²⁹ *bOPV* vaccine, 1,200,000 doses were procured by UNICEF and provided to MoH as per standard protocols Infants should receive at least three doses of *OPV* at minimum intervals of 4 weeks. Factoring in a wastage rate of 10%, the doses are enough to cover $(1,200,000 \times 90)/3 = 360,000$ children

UNICEF leads the Education sector group.³⁰ To date, funding for the sector stands at only 15%.³¹ The number of temporary learning spaces supported by sector partners remains the same as previously reported at 2,026 temporary learning spaces in 10 earthquake-affected provinces, using tents, containers or prefabricated schools.

Although school has resumed, the lack of transportation means is impeding students and teachers from reaching learning spaces and newly reopened schools, especially in rural areas. In informal settlements and in many rural areas and villages, there is limited availability of accommodation and transportation for teachers to support the quick resumption of education in these affected areas. These issues need further discussion with the MoNE to identify possible solutions, including in medium-term recovery plans.

Social Protection: The MoFSS (Directorate General of Social Assistance) is leading the social protection response to the earthquake; with the Ministry, UNICEF has designed a cash plus transfer program targeting 500,000 households with children affected by the earthquake and Turkish Red Crescent (TRC) is the cash provider. Although funding has not been available to roll out the program at full scale, UNICEF is preparing a partnership with TRC to move this forward and begin incremental implementation, with an initial plan of 95,000 children to be reached in earthquake affected areas.³² As MoFSS and TRC are also providing Child Protection (CP) and Early Childhood Development Support (ECD) support within existing programs through partnership with UNICEF, the referral mechanisms of the existing CP and ECD programs will be leveraged to support the targeted children to ensure that in addition to the cash, these children and families will also receive child protection services and ECD services.

Non-Food Items (NFIs): With the support of UNICEF, 200 water heaters have been procured by PMM and have been installed in the family household settlement in *Osmaniye Cevdetiye* benefiting 1,000 individuals.³³

Adolescent Development and Participation (ADAP)/Social and Behaviour Change (SBC), Community Engagement (CE) and Accountability to Affected Population (AAP): Over 23 million people have been reached with WASH, Health and Nutrition and Child Protection related messages including access to service messages.³⁴ Social listening continues to reflect increased content sharing by women including concerns about high number of displaced children with limited access to education, and lack of services in informal settlements leading to further marginalization of people in the affected provinces. Also, there is inadequacy of availability and maintenance of WASH facilities in formal settlements.

UNICEF conducted an AAP skills training for 80 focal points from implementing partners, interagency AAP Task Force members, as well as UNICEF personnel with a focus on improving participation, information sharing, AAP evidence and complaints and feedback mechanisms. UNICEF developed and disseminated AAP common messages for dissemination among affected populations and organisation working in the 11 affected provinces in collaboration with interagency AAP Task Force and AFAD.

In addition, three additional “*Genc Alan*” spaces have been secured in *Malatya (Yasam Kent)* and *Adiyaman* (prefabricated accommodation space). The three youth spaces at the settlement will be used for additional youth activities operationalised with MoYS serving an estimated 3,000 young people.

Media and Communications: UNICEF continues to highlight the situation of children and their families affected by the earthquake in order to advocate for their immediate protection, safety and ensure access to services. UNICEF’s communication response highlights the response to the affected population, the mobilization of resources, and the dissemination of information as a result of daily social and media monitoring.

During the reporting period, media coverage reached over 18 million people. Since the earthquakes, posts from UNICEF Turkey have engaged nearly 500,000 social media accounts and reached close to 35 million people³⁵.

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³⁰ Partners supporting the response : ACEV, ASAM, Qatar Charity, STL (Support to Life), MUDEM, Young Lives Foundation, Yuva, Save the Children, PALETDERE, UPSED and UNICEF. In addition to these CSO partners, there is engagement with the MoNE at national level and with the PDMoNE (provincial departments of the Ministry of National Education).

³¹ [Türkiye Earthquake Flash Appeal 2023 | Financial Tracking Service \(unocha.org\)](https://www.unicef.org/turkey/flash-appeal-2023)

³² Funding to be allocated to Social Policy section is \$5M USD from ORE to be actioned during next reporting period and partnership with TRC is under development.

³³ The number of people using the heaters are 200*5=1000 (average HH size is 5 as reported by PMM)

³⁴ This data shows only Social media post reach reporting; meaning people reached with one-way communication channel. UNICEF in future reports will be capping reporting on this indicator until further revisions are completed on the indicator methodology.

³⁵ The estimated number of people reached per views with media content (via the UNICEF videos accessible on social media)

Annex A: Funding Status as of 25 April 2023³⁶

Sector	Requirements	Funds Received		Total resources	Funding gap	
		Humanitarian resources received in 2023	Resources available from 2022 (Reprogrammed carry-over)		US\$	%
WASH	13,000,000.00	13,077,920.67	2,737,723.98	15,815,644.65	(2,815,644.65)	-22%
Health and Nutrition	19,250,000.00	6,123,119.09	843,700.14	6,966,819.23	12,283,180.77	64%
Child Protection	39,750,000.00	20,036,369.97	1,361,168.87	21,397,538.84	18,352,461.16	46%
Humanitarian Cash Transfer	45,250,000.00	5,250,000.00	-	5,250,000.00	40,000,000.00	88%
Education and ADAP	38,750,000.00	13,545,277.71	7,415,301.95	20,960,579.66	17,789,420.34	46%
Non- Food Items	40,000,000.00	7,959,096.79	4,589,087.65	12,548,184.44	27,451,815.56	69%
Unallocated*		25,983,012.41		25,983,012.41	(25,983,012.41)	
Total Funding Ask	196,000,000.00	91,974,796.64	16,946,982.59	108,921,779.23	87,078,220.77	44%

*These are funds received at country level (during the reporting period) and will be allocated to sectors based on ongoing prioritized needs analysis.

Annex B: Summary of Programme Results as of 25 April 2023³⁷

Indicator	Sector	Disaggregation	UNICEF RESPONSE		
			Target	Results to date	Change*
WASH					
# of people reached with appropriate quantity of safe water		N/A	100,000	293,000	0
# of people who use safe and appropriate sanitation facilities.		N/A	200,000	4,155	↑ 480
# of population reached by critical hygiene and WASH supplies		N/A	1,000,000	421,420	↑ 30,000
Health and Nutrition					
# of children having access to immunization services supported by UNICEF through procurement		N/A	N/A	360,000	0
Child Protection					
# children and caregivers accessing mental health and psychosocial support		girls: 53,334 boys: 50,094 women: 56,175 men: 53,127	1,000,000	212,730	↑ 17,071
# people with access to safe spaces, protection, and support hubs		N/A	500,000	44,270	↑ 5,180
# women, girls, and boys accessing GBV risk mitigation, prevention and/or response interventions		N/A	1,500,000	42,655	↑ 11,493
# people with safe and accessible channels to report sexual exploitation and abuse by aid workers		N/A	1,500,000	26,151	↑ 3,074
Education					
# of children accessing formal or non-formal education, including early learning, through UNICEF-supported system-strengthening and programmes		girls: 166,190 boys: 166,397	200,000	332,587	0
# of children receiving learning materials		girls: 519,974 boys: 541,197	600,000	1,061,171	0
ADAP/SBC, CE, AAP					
# people participating in engagement actions for social and behavioural change		N/A	5,000	282,359	0
# people reached through messaging on prevention and access to services (including social protection, health, nutrition, education, etc.)		N/A	2,700,000	23,156,278	0
Non-food items					
# of people reached with UNICEF-provided non-food items		N/A	1,500,000	34,547	↑ 1,000

Annex C: List of Videos on Social Media (Turkish and English)

Instagram:

- [UNICEF Türkiye on Instagram: "Türkiye'nin depremde etkilenen bölgelerinde temiz suya erişim hala önemli bir sorun. Su şebekeleri onarılırken, UNICEF ve ortakları..."](#)

Facebook:

- [UNICEF Türkiye: \(20+\) Facebook](#)

Twitter:

- <https://twitter.com/unicefturk/status/1648620956762669057?s=20>
- <https://twitter.com/unicefturk/status/1648620956762669057?s=20>

³⁶ This table was updated based on also exchanges with PPD with TCO Budget and Partnership specialist to harmonize tracking and reporting method.

³⁷ Humanitarian indicators are under revision to reflect the reality of the context, nature of the response and support being delivered through national systems. The date of the results table is the date cleared and validated by PME section.